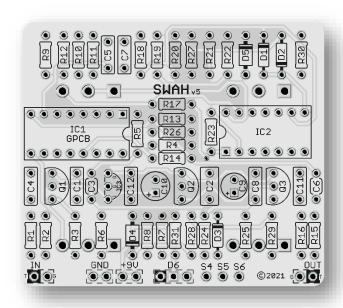
SWAH V5 2021

This is an excellent circuit based on the Snow-White Auto Wah that is known for sounding more like a real Wah than most other Auto Wah type pedals. Place the SWAH at the front of your pedal chain and let it do all of the WAH tones for you!



Board Dimensions (W x H) 2.32" x 2.04"

Part	Value			
R1	10k			
R2	1M			
R3	1M			
R4	10k			
R5	5k1			
R6	330R			
R7	330R			
R8	6k8			
R9	4k7			
R10	6k8			
R11	330R			
R12	330R			

Part	Value			
R13	4k7			
R14	6k8			
R15	1k			
R16	4k7			
R17	47k			
R18	22k			
R19	22k			
R20	22k			
R21	10k			
R22	4M7			
R23	4M7			
R24	330R			

Value				
4k7				
6k8				
7k5				
100R				
47k				
47k				
1k8				
22n				
220n				
1u				
22n				

Part	Value				
C5	22n				
C6	1u				
C7	68n				
C8	8n2				
С9	1 u				
C10	100 u				
C11	100n				
C12	100n				
IC1	LM13700				
IC2	TLO74				
IC3	78L05				

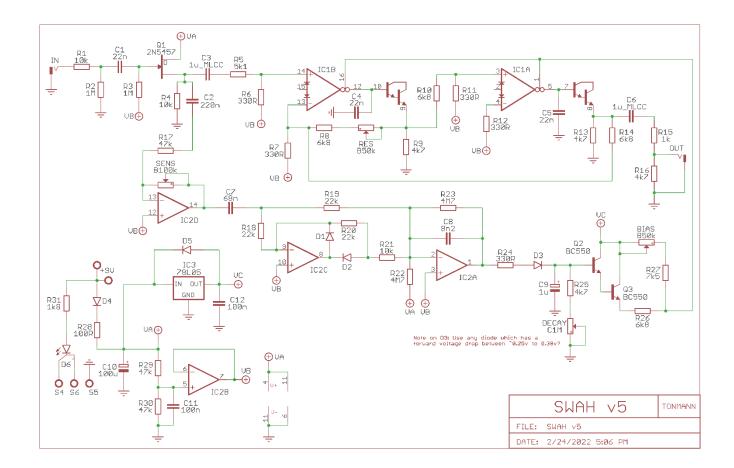
Value				
2N5457				
BC550				
BC550				
1N4148				
1N34				
1n4001				
Status LED				
B50k				
C1M				
B50k				
B100k				

STATUS LED

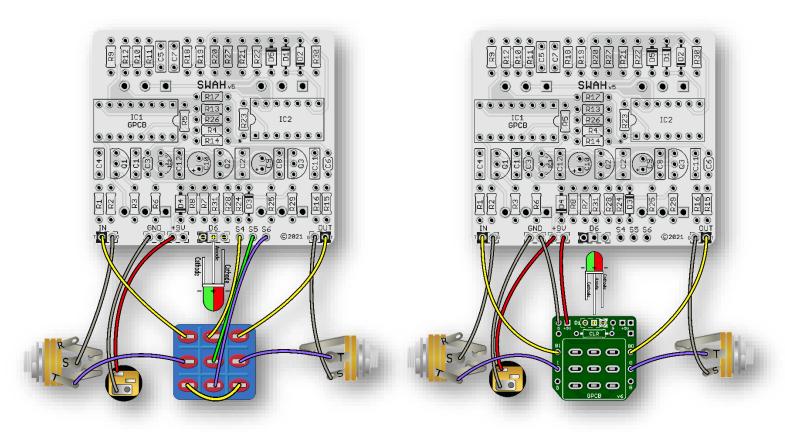
New in this GuitarPCB 2021 version release:

- Made the Bias control and on-board potentiometer which was a trimmer in previous versions.
- Added all four on-board potentiometers.
- Larger off-board wiring pads.
- Added extra +9v and Ground pads for "Combo Builds" allowing easy wiring options and connectivity.

^{*}D6 is a Status LED that can use either Bi-Color Common Anode or a Standard On/Off LED.



WIRING



STATUS LED

Note: If you are using our 3PDT board, you should omit wires and parts from S4, S5 & S6, D6 and R31 (CLR). The CLR and LED will be populated on the 3PDT board instead.

Build Notes:

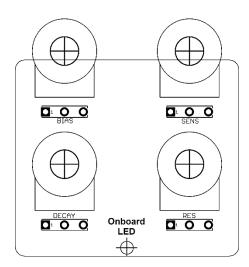
While not exactly a build note it is important to understand the controls so you can easily dial in the best WAH tones. Also please note that pedal placement is critical just as it is with a standard Wah and should be placed closest to your Guitar in the effects chain.

- **DECAY:** Controls how fast the filter frequency falls back to resting point (that is set with the Bias control). This can be set fast (CW) so you get the Wah effect on every note or slow for a more traditional auto Wah sound. Note that this does not affect the tone of the circuit.
- **RESONANCE:** Controls the sharpness or Q-factor of the filter.
- **SENSITIVITY:** Sets the filter trigger level, tune this carefully to fit your guitar/bass output and playing touch. You can further change the sensitivity from your guitar volume knob while playing.
- BIAS: Controls the filter resonance frequency
- Use MLCC 1uF (multi-layer ceramic capacitors) type for C3 and C6 which are cost effective and small size
- **D3** Use a diode which has a forward voltage drop between ~0.25v to 0.38v" like 1N34A for max effect.

For troubleshooting purposes if needed:

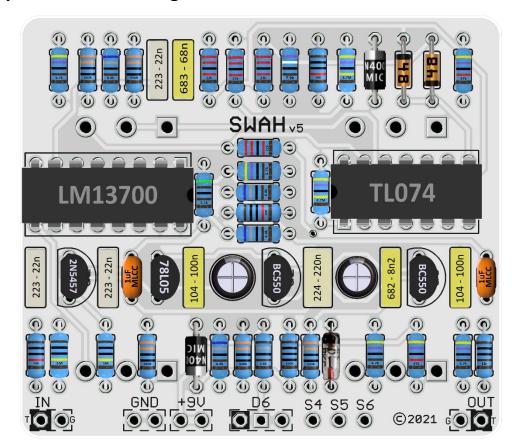
Proper Q voltages for comparison (all pots full CCW)

Q1: (7.27 - 3.71 - 3.23 - DSG) <- Drain Source Gate not CBE **Q2:** (5.05 - 3.75 - 2.90 - CBE) **Q3:** (5.05 - 2.90 - 2.86 - CBE) The audio trace will go from Input to Output and should follow a straight path from IN to R1, C1, thru Q1, thru C3, R5, to IC1B-14, then 16-12-10-9 thru R10, IC1B-13, thru R8, P1, then R10, to IC1A-3, out 1-5-7-8, thru C6, thru R15.



Drill Tips: Measure your components before selecting a drill bit. We recommend drilling the pot holes, mounting the pots in the enclosure, and then soldering the pots to the board. This approach should resolve the issue of the pots not fitting through the holes after soldering. We also recommend you make the holes for the pots a little larger than the threads in case you decide to remove the board and put it back in during the build, to avoid problems. Use this guide at your own risk. Make sure page scaling is turned off when you print this PDF, or the image above may be smaller than expected. Verify everything before drilling.

Populated Board Image and Resistor Chart for Troubleshooting



For more build guides and tutorials please visit the <u>Guides Page</u> at GuitarPCB.com For specific build support please visit our dedicated <u>Support Forum</u>
<u>Soldering Tutorial on YouTube</u>

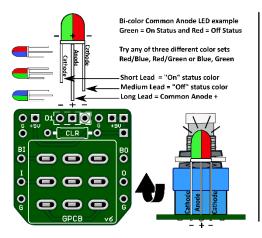
Need Kits - Check out our authorized worldwide distributors:

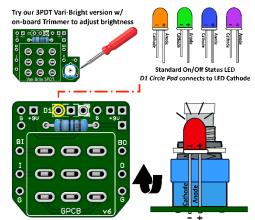
- USA Check out <u>PedalPartsAndKits</u> for all your GuitarPCB kit needs in the USA.
- Europe Das Musikding Order either boards or kits direct from Europe.
- PedalPartsAustralia Order either boards or kits direct from Australia

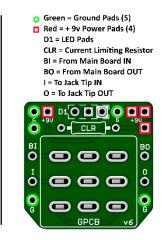
COLOR	1st Band	2nd Band	3rd Band	Multiplier	Tolerance	Band 1 Ba	nnd 3 Tolerance			
BLACK	0	0	0	1Ω			\			
BROWN	1	1	1	10Ω	±1%					
RED	2	2	2	100Ω	±2%		470k			
ORANGE	3	3	3	1ΚΩ			47			
YELLOW	4	4	4	10ΚΩ						
GREEN	5	5	5	100ΚΩ	±0.5%	T Band 2 Multiplier				
BLUE	6	6	6	1ΜΩ	±0.25%	Bana Z Wanapilei				
VIOLET	7	7	7	10ΜΩ	±0.10%					
GREY	8	8	8	100ΜΩ	±0.05%		~			
WHITE	9	9	9	1GΩ		<mark>4 7</mark>	0 x 2 0 %			
GOLD				0.1Ω	±5%		4 4			
SILVER				0.01Ω	±10%					

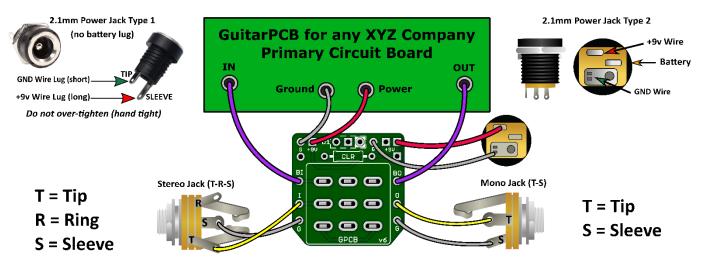


GuitarPCB Tip Sheet

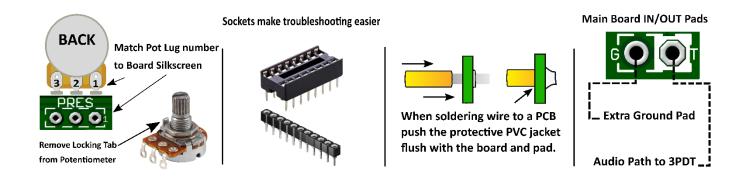


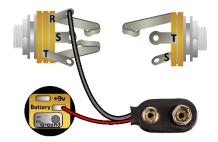






Multiple +9v and Ground Pads are convenient hookup points for additional circuits within the same enclosure. This also allows for diverse wiring schemes to suit indiviual needs.





Input/Output Jack Wiring T = Tip | R = Ring | S = Sleeve

A Stereo Jack is only needed if using a Battery. Otherwise use a Mono Jack Battery Strap RED wire is connected to Power Jack Battery Strap Black wire is connected to RING (stereo jack)

If wiring an LED to our 3PDT Wiring Board then S4, S5 & S6 are not needed

